

MA 50611  
2015/2016  
20

- N.B. :** (1) Question No. 1 is compulsory.  
 (2) Attempt any four questions from the remaining questions.  
 (3) Figures of the right indicate full marks.  
 (4) Assume suitable data whenever required.  
 (5) Use vector notation wherever necessary.

T. E. U. I Rev Electromagnetic Fields & waves  
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20

1. Attempt any four of the following :-
- Explain the relation  $\vec{E} = -\vec{\nabla} V$ .
  - State and explain Biot - Savarts Law.
  - What is uniform plane wave ? Explain its physical significance.
  - Obtain the point form of the continuity equation.
  - Prove that the tangential component of E is continuous across a dielectric interface.
2. (a) Write and explain Maxwell's equation for static electric and steady magnetic fields. 12  
 Modify them for time varying fields discussing the inconsistency of Ampere's law.
- (b) Four point charges of 3 n C each are placed at four corners of a square 2 m in side. 8  
 Find the force acting on each charge.
3. (a) Derive an expression for the potential at a distance r from an electric dipole. 8
- (b) The flux density  $\vec{D} = \frac{r}{3} \vec{a}_r$  (nC/m<sup>2</sup>) is in the free space :- 12
- Find  $\vec{E}$  at r = 0.2 m.
  - Find the total electric flux leaving the sphere of radius = 0.2 m.
  - Find the total charge within the sphere of radius = 0.3 m.
4. (a) State and explain Gauss' law and use it to find the electric field  $\vec{E}$  in all regions of a 8  
 sphere of radius a centered at the origin. The medium is free space.
- (b) Find the flux density at a point A(6, 4, -5) caused by :- 12
- a point charge of 20  $\mu$ C at the origin.
  - a uniform line charge of  $\rho_L = 20 \mu$ C/m on the z axis.
  - a uniform surface charge density  $\rho_S = 60 \mu$ C/m<sup>2</sup> at a plane x = 8.
5. (a) Derive an expression for the Poynting theorem and state the significance of each term. 8
- (b) Given that  $\vec{D} = \frac{10x^3}{3} \vec{a}_x$  C/m<sup>2</sup>, evaluate both sides of the divergence theorem for the 12  
 volume of a cube, 2 m on the edge, centered at the origin with edges parallel to the axes.
6. (a) Derive an expression for Laplace's and Poisson's equation. Hence state and prove 12  
 Uniqueness theorem.
- (b) Two plates of a parallel plate capacitor are separated by a distance d and maintained 8  
 at potentials 0 and  $V_1$  respectively. Assuming negligible fringing effect determine the :
- Potential at any point between the plates.
  - Surface charge densities on the plates.
7. (a) Explain the magnetic scalar and vector potentials and derive the expression for them. 10
- (b) Two sides of a square loop in the z = 0 plane are located at x =  $\pm$  0.6 m, and 10  
 y =  $\pm$  0.6 m. There exists a uniform time varying magnetic field given by  
 $\vec{B} = (0.2 \vec{a}_x - 0.4 \vec{a}_y + 0.8 \vec{a}_z) \cos(2000 t)$  Wb/m<sup>2</sup>. If the total resistance of the  
 loop is 1 K  $\Omega$  find the current flowing through it.